Гиона.	"Christopher Jav@ GRO						
From: Sent:	"Christopher.Jay@} Thur 07/02/2019 9:41:06 PM (UTC)						
To:	"Legal.Defence@ GRO						
Subject: FW: Injecting transactions - urgent [WBDUK-AC.FID27032497]							
To: Gareth Jenkins; N Cc: Andrew Parsons;	ben 19 21:40:51 (UTC+00:00) Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London Jewsome, Pete; Jay, Christopher; Defence Legal (Chris Jay,) Ibbett, Dave; Lucy Bremner; Parker, Steve; Emma Campbell-Danesh Ig transactions - urgent [WBDUK-AC.FID27032497]						
Thanks Gareth.							
Dave - will you be	sending consolidated comments through (and, if so, when)?						
Kinds regards							
Jonny							
Jonathan Gribbe Managing Associat Womble Bond Dick d: m: t: e: Stay informed: sign u	e cinson (UK) LLP						
	WOMBLE womblebonddickinson.com						
	DICKINSON						
CC: Andrew Parson	2019 16:26 en; pete.newsome@ GRO ; Christopher.Jay GRO Legal.Defence@ GRO						
Hi,							
I've received mine comments to you.	and commented to others in Fujitsu. I assume that someone will forward a consolidated set of						
Best wishes							
Gareth							
From: Jonathan Gri Sent: 07 February 2 To: Gareth Jenkins Legal.Defence@	2019 14:03						

Cc: Andrev	v Parsons ₹	GRO	- >; l	Dave.Ibbett@	GRO	Lucy Bremner	
<	GRO	>; ParkerSP@	GRO	Emma Camp	bell-Danesh	GR0	-
GRO >						L	

Subject: RE: Injecting transactions - urgent [WBDUK-AC.FID27032497]

Gareth, Pete, Chris and Dave,

Please confirm whether or not you received my email below. I re-sent it with the attachments split across two emails as the first one bounced back.

Kind regards

Jonny

Jonathan Gribben

Managing Associate Womble Bond Dickinson (UK) LLP



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From: Jonathan Gribben

Sent: 06 February 2019 20:01

To: 'Gareth Jenkins'; 'pete.newsome@ GRO ; 'Christopher.Jay@ GRO '; 'Legal.Defence@ GRO ';

'Legal.Defence@ GRO ; Lucy Bremner; 'ParkerSP@ GRO ; Emma Campbell-Danesh (emma.campbell-danesh GRO)

Subject: Injecting transactions - urgent [WBDUK-AC.FID27032497]

Dear all,

Privileged & Confidential - please do not forward

Apologies in advance for the length of this email.

Exec Summary

Paragraph 35 of Steve's second statement is not entirely correct. We have been looking into this subject further and below is a summary of our investigation.

We need to send Freeths a letter to clarify the correct position. I have summarised the key points and set out some questions below along with a summary of our investigation. Please would you review those let me know the responses/whether anything is incorrect by midday tomorrow. Once this has been done we will draft a letter to Freeths correcting the position that we will ask you to review and confirm before it is issued.

Summary of key points/questions

Key points:-

- Post Office offered personal banking (manual) for a number of institutions from the introduction of Horizon;
- it would have been possible for a rogue SSC employee to inject a cash deposit into their personal banking account;
- a customer's account would not be credited until the paper deposit slip reached the relevant financial
 institution (need to confirm this for Girobank), so the rogue SSC employee would not benefit from injecting a
 transaction because there would be no corresponding paper deposit slip (query whether a TC would be issued
 due to the absence of the paper deposit slip);
- online banking transactions were introduced in 2003 and Gareth does not know if it would even be possible to
 get around the encryption issues that would be present if someone tried to insert an "automated" transaction;
- there are some other transactions that the rogue SSC employee could have injected for manual transactions
 there may be a paper trail (TBC on a transaction by transaction basis) and for online (i.e. automated)
 transactions the position would be the same as per online banking transactions (i.e. encryption issues).

Questions:-

- were online Girobank transactions AP transactions?
- does AP mean automated?;
- what would a rogue SSC employee have to do to in order to inject an online/automated transaction (i.e. please articulate the encryption issues and describe what would have to be done to theoretically get around them, including references to any controls designed to prevent this)?

Summary of investigation into injecting transactions in Legacy Horizon

Paragraph 35 of Steve's statement reads:-

"With reference to Dr. Worden's statement that "as for transferring money, Horizon includes no functionality that allows payments to be made to external parties or account", at paragraphs 20.1, 20.3, 21 and 58.4 of my first statement I said that money could not be transferred, by which I mean that it could not be transferred into a third party's bank account. I have given this matter further thought and discussed it with my colleagues and we have now theorised that someone could have carried out a Post Office transaction, such as a GIRO bank transfer2 or a utility bill payment. A GIRO bank transfer inserted by someone at SSC would have been detected as part of Post Office's reconciliation processes because there would be no accompanying paper document. There is no accompanying paper document for a utility bill payment, so in theory such a transaction would not be detected through reconciliation. I am not aware of any such activity ever taking place and if it had occurred it would have resulted in instant dismissal.

2 A Giro bank is also an AP transaction (like bill payments). It is the only type of bank account that is. All other banking deposits go through a totally different path."

After the statement had been submitted, Gareth provided the following comments:-

- 1. The Giro Bank Transactions are not AP, but standard EPOSS Transactions. I don't know how info on them got to Giro Bank it may well be that Giro Bank worked off the paper trail and then sent summaries to POL which they then reconciled with the Horizon feed. POL would need to provide the details.
- 2. Prior to online banking (introduced in 2003), POL did support some (but not all) other banks with deposit and cheque cashing facilities. Again these were EPOSS (not AP) transactions. I assume that there was also a paper trail here and it would work in a similar way to Giro Bank. Again it is POL that need to define the process. All Horizon did was provide the buttons to record the electronic part of the transaction.

Please find attached the following documents:

1. Post Office's Counter Operations Manual for Personal Banking (version 1 August 2001) which sets out the

procedure for accepting cash deposits other than Alliance & Leicester Giro services (see the comment on page 2 re Alliance & Leicester Giro services being distinct and separate from those that appear in this booklet and can be found in the Alliance & Leicester Giro booklet – Post Office have not yet been able to locate the corresponding version of this booklet but has provided version 3 from March 2007 – see point 3 below) and states that cash is not deposited into a customer's account until the paper deposit document reaches their bank (section 5.9 on page 9).

- 2. Post Office's Operational Focus 0203 from 3 9 April 2003 which contains a list of banking services available at branches from Tuesday 1 April 2003 and shows that Post Office accepted cash deposits from seven banks. All of them are stated to be "manual", apart from Alliance & Leicester/Giro Bank which is stated to be "automated or manual". Manual means paper based and automated means online using a card.
- 3. Post Office's Operations Manual for Alliance & Leicester Personal Banking (version 3 March 2007). This version shows that Post Office did not offer manual Alliance & Leicester personal banking by March 2007 it was online banking only.
- 4. Post Office's Horizon System User Guide / Balancing with Horizon Guide (version 1 28 July 2000). This Balancing with Horizon Guide Section 1 deals with Personal Banking (page 734 of the PDF) and Alliance & Leicester Girobank (page 743 of the PDF). It was a requirement to rem out paper deposit slips on a daily basis. There was also an opportunity for branches to reconcile the Horizon record of deposit transactions with the paper deposit slips they were holding as part of this process.

The distinction between online and manual banking transactions is that it would have been possible for SSC to insert a "manual" transaction, but Gareth does not know if it would even be possible to get around the encryption issues that would be present if someone tried to insert an "automated" transaction. Automated deposit transactions required the customer's card to be swiped through the PIN Pad, which would add in some crypto data that prevents SSC being able to mimic this step.

In terms of other transactions that could have potentially been injected for personal benefit, based on the list of products and services available in branches as at July 2005 as per the attached welcome pack Gareth has advised that:-

- it may have been possible to inject bill payment transactions to pay a bill (i.e. the utility bill example given in Parker 2, for which there would be no paper trail/reconciliation);
- telephony transactions were all online, so the position is the same as online banking transactions (i.e. encryption issues);
- banking/savings covered above;
- national savings and investments a mix of online and offline. We are checking with Post Office whether there was a paper trail for the offline ones;
- · money transfer online; and
- the rest did not involve any accounts to credit and therefore the roque SSC employee wouldn't benefit.

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